

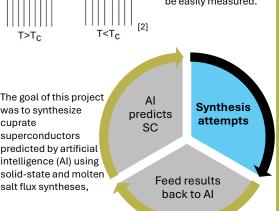


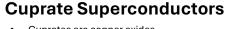
Synthesizing Al-Predicted Cuprate **Superconductors**

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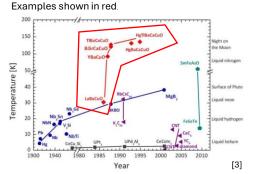


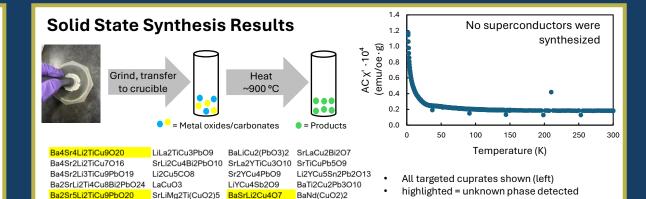
Introduction Superconductors (SC) conduct electricity without resistance below their critical temperature (T_c). T_c is often very low (~0-10 K), which makes using 0° K most superconductors Temperature difficult and expensive. Below their T_c, superconductors expel magnetic fields, which enables superconductivity to be easily measured.

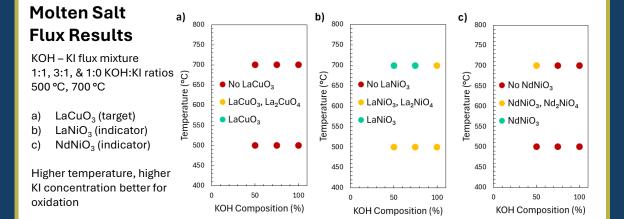




- Cuprates are copper oxides
- Relatively high temperature superconductors







BaLi2Cu4SnBi2O11

Cu3SnPbO6

LiCuSnBiO5

YCu8Sn2PbO14

BaSrYTiCu2O7

Conclusions & Future Work

Isolation ongoing

Al predictions were used to target novel cuprate superconductors, which were synthesized using both solid-state and molten salt flux methods. While no superconductivity was observed in the synthesized products, several previously unreported phases were produced. Molten salt flux synthesis, though unsuccessful in yielding the target compound, provided useful insight into the oxidizing capabilities of KOH-KI fluxes. Further work should be conducted to isolate novel compounds and to explore the KOH-KI phase space for optimizing oxidation.

References

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